
(EN) Determining the lightness

The shade guide should be held with arm bent (distance of approx. 25-30 cm), directly in front of the patient's tooth. Select lightness level 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5.

(DE) Helligkeit bestimmen

Farbskala mit angewinkeltem Arm (ca. 25-30 cm Abstand) direkt an den Zahn des Patienten halten. Helligkeitsstufe 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 oder 5 auswählen.

(ES) Determinación de la claridad

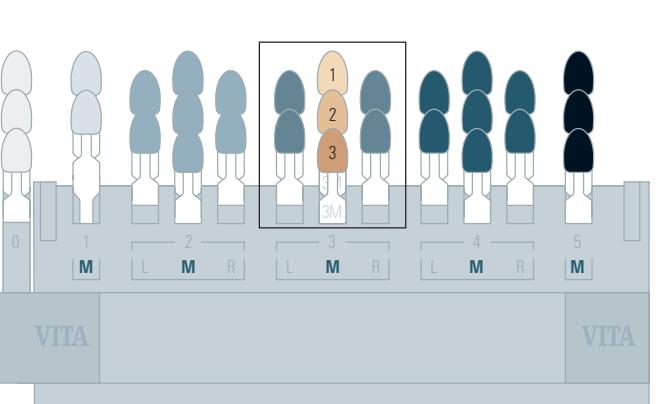
Sostenga la guía de colores con el brazo doblado (a una distancia de unos 25-30 cm) directamente junto al diente del paciente. Seleccione el nivel de claridad 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 o 5.

(FR) Déterminer la luminosité

Tenir le teintier avec le bras plié (à une distance de 25-30 cm) près de la dent du patient. Choisir le degré de luminosité 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 ou 5.

(IT) Determinare il valore (luminosità)

Con il braccio leggermente piegato (distanza ca. 25-30 cm) accostare la scala colori direttamente al dente del paziente. Selezionare il livello di valore 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 o 5.


(EN) Selecting the chroma

A Remove the shade sample with the middle hue (M) from the selected lightness level and fold it up at the side (see illustration at right).

B Select one of the three shade samples to determine the chroma.

(DE) Farbintensität auswählen

A Aus der gewählten Helligkeitsstufe die Farbmuster mit mittlerem Farbton (M) herausnehmen und seitlich aufklappen (siehe Abb. rechts).

B Zur Bestimmung der Farbintensität eines der drei Farbmuster auswählen.

(ES) Determinación de la intensidad cromática

A Extraiga la muestra de color del nivel de claridad seleccionado con la tonalidad media (M) y desplíquela lateralmente (véase la figura derecha).

B Para determinar la intensidad cromática, seleccione una de las tres muestras de color.

(FR) Sélectionner la saturation

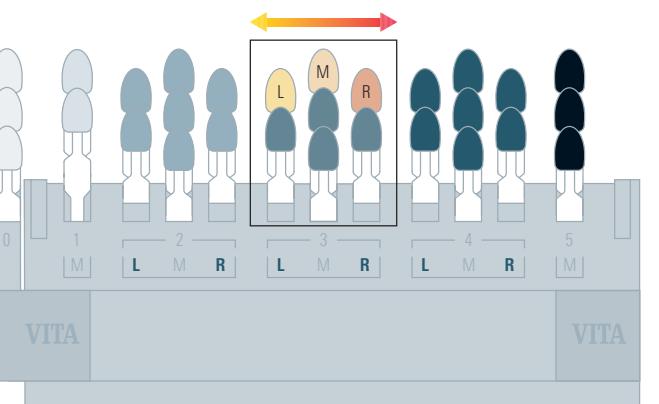
A À partir du degré de luminosité choisi, dégager les échantillons de couleur de saturation moyenne (M) et les ouvrir en éventail (voir ill. de droite).

B Pour déterminer la saturation sélectionner un des trois échantillons.

(IT) Scegliere il croma (intensità)

A All'interno del livello di valore stabilito, sfilare i campioni del gruppo centrale (M) ed aprirli a ventaglio (v. fig. a destra).

B Per determinare l'intensità selezionare uno dei tre campioni.


(EN) Determining the hue

Check whether the natural tooth is more yellow (L) or red (R) than the shade sample selected.

(DE) Farbton festlegen

Prüfen, ob der natürliche Zahn gelblicher (L) oder rötlicher (R) ist als das ausgesuchte Farbmuster.

(ES) Determinación de la tonalidad cromática

Compruebe si el diente natural es más amarillo (izq.) o más rojizo (der.) que la muestra de color seleccionada.

(FR) Déterminer la teinte

Vérifier si la dent naturelle est plus jaune (L) ou plus rouge (R) que l'échantillon choisi.

(IT) Stabilire la tinta

Controllare se il dente naturale tende più verso il giallo (L) o verso il rosso (R) rispetto al campione prescelto.

Instructions for use
Determining intermediate shades

For even finer shade determination, intermediate shades can be specified for the lightness levels and the chroma, if necessary. If you decide that the tooth shade is between two shade samples, then an intermediate shade can be defined.

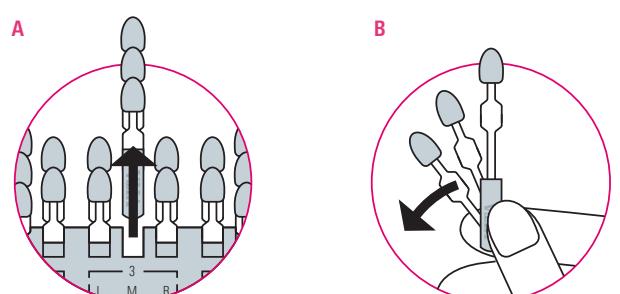
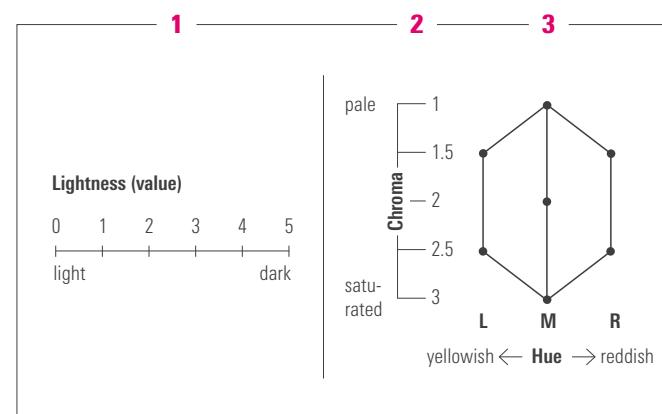
For example:

4.5M2 as intermediate shade (lightness) of the two shades 4M2 and 5M2
2M1.5 as intermediate shade (chroma) of the two shades 2M1 and 2M2

The intermediate shades can also be specified in the shade communication diagram.

Shade communication diagram

(Block, order no. 914D)



VITA Toothguide 3D-MASTER®

Gebrauchsanweisung | Kurzversion
Instructions for use | short version
Mode d'emploi | Version courte
Instrucciones de uso | Versión abreviada
Istruzioni d'uso | - versione breve

VITA – perfect match. **VITA**

 VITA Zahnfabrik H. Rauter GmbH & Co.KG
Spitalgasse 3
79713 Bad Säckingen
Germany
Tel. +49 (0)7761/562-0
Fax +49 (0)7761/562-299
www.vita-zahnfabrik.com
info@vita-zahnfabrik.com
facebook.com/vita.zahnfabrik

920-02568 – V02

All shade samples of each lightness level (0–5) have the same lightness value (see illustration). Differences within a lightness level consist only of differences in chroma and hue. This is determined in steps 2 and 3.

In step 1 the focus is on determining the correct lightness, not to define a single shade sample tooth (1 of 29), but rather a lightness level (1 of 6).

All shade samples of an M group have the same hue and the same lightness. Only the chroma is different.

Tips on determining tooth shade

- Tooth shade determination should be done before preparation, since after preparation the tooth shade appears lighter due to dehydration.
- Determine tooth shades as much as possible under natural daylight and daylight lamps (5500K–6500K), and not under typical indoor lighting conditions.
- The surrounding area should be as color neutral as possible. Remove influencing lipstick or cosmetics and cover up strong-colored clothes with a gray gown.
- Hold the shade sample tooth parallel to the patient tooth and as close as possible to the gums.
- The shade of the shade sample tooth is found exclusively through the central area of the shade sample. For shade determination always concentrate on this area.
- Make your choice quickly and accept your first decision, since the eyes begin to tire after approx. 5–7 seconds.

Hygiene tips and instructions for care

The acrylic parts of the VITA Toothguide 3D-MASTER are made of a high-quality, easy-care and temperature resistant material that can be surface disinfected. We recommend customary, mild spray disinfectant or disinfectant wipes. According to the manufacturers' product information these disinfectants are effective against HIV and HBV, and are available from most dental dealers. Please follow the respective manufacturer's instructions for use. Disinfectants containing phenol, compounds with phenylphenol groups or methyl ethyl ketone will damage the acrylic parts. The entire shade guide can be autoclaved at a temperature of 132°C / 270°F.

Note

The acrylic parts of the VITA Toothguide 3D-MASTER must be protected from intense sunlight.

